APPLICATION NOTE

Analysis of Greenhouse Gases by Gas Chromatography

AN012 SCION Instruments



Introduction

Nitrous Oxide (N₂O), Carbon Dioxide (CO) and Methane (CH₄) are considered to be very powerful greenhouse gases. These gases reflect in the atmosphere, stopping the incoming and outgoing radiation that warms the Earth, thus causing the greenhouse effect. Continuously measuring the greenhouse gases gives insight into the source of the emissions, helping us fight climate change. A SCION 8500 GC was custom configured specifically for the analysis for all three gases in a single matrix of atmospheric air containing water vapor.

Experimental

A SCION 8500 GC was equipped with a gas syringe, PWOC 1041 injector, TCD, ECD and FID detectors. Two channels are used with one equipped to two detectors. After injection on the first channel, CO_2 and CH_4 are separated from the air. The TCD detects the CO_2 , configured in series with the TCD, detects the CH₄. The ECD, on the second channel, detects the N₂O once separated from the water. The water is backflushed to vent. Figure 1 shows a schematic drawing of the greenhouse gas analyzer.

Four columns are required for the analysis: all being 1/8th inch stainless steel packed columns. Two of the columns were used for the pre-separation of the compounds from the matrix and the final two for the complete separation of compounds. Table 1 shows the role of the columns used within this application.



Figure 1 Schematic configuration of the greenhouse gas analyzer

Table 1. Analytical requirements of the four column	T	able	1.	Analytical	requirements	of th	e four	column
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Columns	Analytical Requirements
Column A	Pre-separation of CO ₂ and CH ₄ from H ₂ O
Column B	Separates CO_2 and CH_4 from O_2/N_2
Column C	Pre-separation of N ₂ O from H ₂ O
Column D	Separation of N ₂ O from O ₂

Table 2. Shows the analytical parameters for the greenhouse gas analyzer.**Results**

The configuration of the analyzer allows three simultaneous chromatograms to be obtained. Figure 2 shows the TCD channel chromatogram where CO_2 is analysed. CH_4 is analysed on the FID channel, as shown in Figure 3. Figure 4 shows N_2O when analysed on the ECD channel.













The system suitability and repeatability were tested through a test sample being analysed with ten replicates. Table 3 details

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the repeatability data. The repeatability data was excellent with an RSD below 2% for all analytes.

Run	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O
1	13451	2947	900
2	13472	2986	913
3	13477	2928	935
4	13497	2961	929
5	13450	2933	916
6	13482	2996	922
7	13547	2974	875
8	13508	2972	901
9	13535	2967	904
10	13390	2982	904
Average	13481	2965	910
Std. Dev	45.31	22.51	17.07
RSD%	0.34	0.76	1.88

The configuration of the analyzer also allows for expansion of N_2O to CFC's and SF₆. Figure 5 shows the extended ECD channel for SF₆ analysis.





Conclusion

A SCION 8500 GC was configured as a greenhouse gas analyzer for the analysis of carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide in a single run. Repeatability data was excellent showing that the system is perfectly suited for the analysis of greenhouse gases. This system is highly flexible with the application range easily expanded to cover CFC's and SF₆.

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