Monitoring 57 Ozone Precursors in ambient Air

AN036v1; SCION Instruments



Introduction

Ozone, or trioxygen, is a gas made up of three oxygen atoms (O3). Naturally occurring in the stratosphere (upper atmosphere), ozone protects life on Earth from the Sun's ultraviolet (UV) radiation. However, the tropospheric ozone formation occurs when nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO) and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) react in the atmosphere in the presence of sunlight, specifically the UV spectrum. NOx, CO and VOCs are known as the ozone precursors. These ozone precursors cause a negative impact on plants and animals. Although VOCs are naturally emitted by biological organisms, NOx and VOCs are emitted during combustion of farming equipment and burning of biological materials.

It is vital that the environment is not only protected from these ozone precursors but the level of ozone precursors are monitored. The United States Air Cleansing Act (1970) empowered the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to maintain air cleanliness and protect public health. EPA requires states in the US to identify problematic areas through comprehensive monitoring of NOx, CO and VOCs (known as Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations; PAMS).

In the PAMS monitoring program, there are 57 specified target compounds, mainly non-methane hydrocarbons ranging from C2 to C12. This application note describes the process for monitoring these 57 ozone precursors in ambient air.

Experimental

A Scion 8500 GC, equipped with a split/splitess injector, deans switch, liquid nitrogen cooling column module and FID detector was coupled to the Scion 8700 mass spectrometer (MS). Additional instrumentation used throughout this application included an atmospheric preconcentrator, has dilution device, tank cleaning device, concentrator autosampler, stainless steel sampling tank (3.2L, 6L capacity) and a liquid nitrogen tank.



A PAMS ozone precursor gas (containing 57 target compounds) at 1µmol/mol was diluted using high purity nitrogen to 20nmol/mol. The internal standard calibration gas comprised of chloro-bromo-methane, 1,2-difluorophenyl, chlorobenzene-d5 and 4-bromo-fluoro- benzene at 1µmol/mol and was diluted to 100nmol/mol with pure nitrogen.

Ambient air samples were collected in the sample tank and pressurised to 101kPa with high purity nitrogen. 400mL of sample, with 50mL of internal standard was analysed.

Calibration standards were prepared at 1.25, 2.5, 5, 10, 15 and 20nmol/mol with the addition of 12.5nmol/mol internal standard to each standard.

Table 1 details the instrument conditions for the analysis of ozone precursors.

Table 1. Analytical conditions of the GC-FID:MS

Part	Settings
S/SL	200°C
Column 1	Scion Plot Q 30m x 0.32mm x 20μm
Column 2	Scion-1MS 60m x 0.25mm x 1μm
Oven Programme	5°C (6 min), 5°C/min to 170°C (5 min), 15°C/min to 190°C (10 min)
Carrier Gas	Helium 1mL/min constant
FID	250°C
MS	Full Scan 30amu to 300amu
Ion Source	250°C
Temperature Line	250°C

Results

Calibration curves were obtained for each target compound, with linear correlation coefficients all greater than 0.997 (majority of compounds had an R2 of 0.999). Figures 2a-2f highlights the calibration curves of six target compounds.

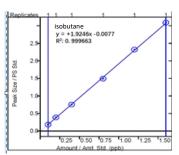


Figure 2a. Calibration curve of isobutane.

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AN036v1; SCION Instruments



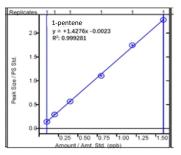


Figure 2b. Calibration curve of 1-pentene.

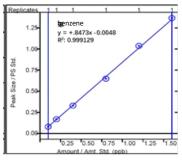


Figure 2c. Calibration curve of benzene.

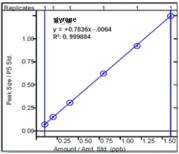
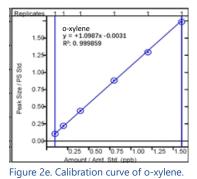


Figure 2d. Calibration curve of styrene.



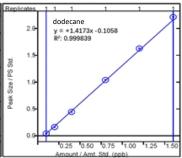


Figure 2f. Calibration curve of dodecane.

Table 2. Retention time, linear coefficients, and repeatability data of the PBBs and

Compound	Retention	Internal Standard	R ²
	Time		
Isobutane	11.958	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.999
1-butene	12.919	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.9994
Butane	13.297	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.9994
t-2-butene	13.741	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.9994
Ethylene	13.986	_	0.999
c-2-butene	14.387	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.999
Acetylene	14.649	-	0.999
Ethane	15.125	_	0.999
Isopentane	16.894	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.999
1-pentene	17.667	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.999
Pentane	18.280	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.999
Isoprene	18.523	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.998
t-2-pentene	18.686	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.999
c-2-pentene	19.109	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.999
2,2-dimethyl butane	20.235	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.999
Cyclopentane	21.788	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.998
2-methyl-pentane	22.059	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.998
Propylene	22.085	-	0.999
Propane	22.720	_	0.999
3-methyl-pentane	22.829	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.998
1-hexene	23.108	Chloro-bromo- methane	0.999
Hexane	23.969	1,2-difluorophenyl	0.998
Methylcyclopentane	25.198	1,2-difluorophenyl	0.997
2,4-dimethylpentane	25.284	1,2-difluorophenyl	0.998
Benzene	26.430	1,2-difluorophenyl	0.999
Cyclohexane	26.940	1,2-difluorophenyl	0.998
2-methylhexane	27.138	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
2,3-dimethylpentane	27.307	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
3-methylhexane	27.538	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	28.302	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
Heptane	28.682	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.998
Methylcyclohexane	29.972	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
2,3,4-trimethylpentane	31.201	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.998
Toluene	31.472	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.997
2-methylheptane	31.724	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
3-methylpentane	32.087	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
Octane	33.177	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
Ethylbenzene	35.599	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
p,m-xylene	35.968	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999
Styrene	36.680	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.999

Monitoring 57 Ozone Precursors in ambient Air

AN036v1; SCION Instruments



Table 2. Retention time, linear coefficients, and repeatability data of the PBBs and PBDEs. (n=10, 0.05µg/mL for repeatability).

Compound	Retention Time	Internal Standard	R ²
o-xylene	36.925	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.9999
Nonane	37.247	Chlorobenzene-d5	0.9994
Isopropylbenzene	38.161	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9996
Propyl benzene	39.323	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9998
1-ethyl-3- methylbenzene	39.557	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9998
1-ethyl-4- methylbenzene	39.675	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9998
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	39.845	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9998
1-ethyl-2- methylbenzene	40.363	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9998
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	40.941	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9999
Decane	41.117	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9997
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	42.217	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9998
1,3-diethylbenzene	43.159	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9998
1,4-diethylbenzene	43.485	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9998
Undecane	45.247	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9994
Dodecane	49.389	4- bromofluorobenzene	0.9998

Table 2 details correlation coefficients for all target compounds along with compound identifiers, retention times and corresponding internal standards.

C2 to C3 (five compounds) are detected on the FID whilst C4 to C12 are detected using the MS. Utilising the Dean Switch allows the dual detector system from a single injection. Figure 3a details the chromatogram of the five compound FID chromatogram whereas Figure 3b details the 54 target compounds plus four internal standards (MS chromatogram).

Repeatability of the SCION GC-FID:MS was determined through five consecutive injections of 5nmol/mol gas standard, as shown in Figures 4 and 5.

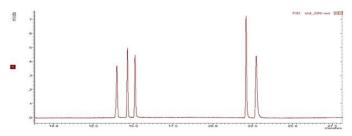


Figure 3a. C2-C3 target ozone precursors.

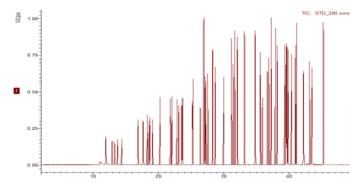


Figure 3b. C4-C12 target ozone precursors.

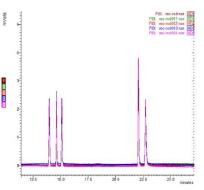


Figure 4. C2-C3 target ozone precursors (n=5).

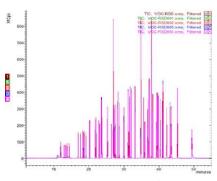


Figure 5. Chromatogram overlay of 52 ozone precursors (n=5).

Conclusions

The Scion 8500 equipped with a deans switch, FID and Scion 8700 MS configuration offered excellent repeatability with exceptional linear range for the analysis of 57 ozone precursors in ambient air, in a single injection.

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Order Information

Ordering Information for the 8300 GC			
Part	Part Number		
SCION 8500 GC + SCION 8700 SQ PREMIUM EI ONLY (120V)	SCIONSQ85PRE531		
SCION 8500 GC + SCION 8700 SQ PREMIUM EI ONLY (230V)	SCIONSQ85PRE532		
SCION 8500 GC + SCION 8700 SQ PREMIUM EI+CI (120V)	SCIONSQ85PRC531		
SCION 8500 GC + SCION 8700 SQ PREMIUM EI+CI (230V)	SCIONSQ85PRC531		

Suggested Consumables				
Part	Part number			
15% Graphite/85% Vespel Ferrule 1/16" with 0.4 mm hole pk/10	41312148			
BTO Septa 9 mm, pk/50	CR298713			
Scion-1MS 60m x 0.25mm x 1μm	SC32128			

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